## U.S. Tobacco Control Laws Database<sup>©</sup>: Research Applications



## **History of the Database**

- Collection started in early 1980's
- Database created in 1985
- Database includes records back to 1889
  - the earliest smoking control ordinance is a 1936
     Milwaukee, WI law prohibiting smoking on buses, and the earliest Sales/Distribution law is an 1889 Michigan State law prohibiting sales to minors



#### What's in the Database?

- Clean Air laws, Local and State
  - Including e-cigarettes, marijuana, and housing
- Sales/Distribution laws, Local and State
  - Including pharmacies, Tobacco 21, and flavors
- Youth Access laws, Local and State
- Advertising laws, Local
- Excise Taxes laws, Local
- Conditional Use Permits (CUP's), Local

The Database is a repository of over 16,000 laws in close to 6,000 localities, with 370 fields in each record.



## **Process of Collecting Laws**

- Monitoring news services
  - Daily updates from Information Specialists
  - Newsletters and websites
- Advocates, Colleagues, and Elected Officials
- Our Members
- Mail Solicitations
  - ANR Foundation's own
  - Partnership mailings with others



## **Analysis & Data Entry**

# Standardized system designed to ensure objectivity and consistency across all records in the database

- Checked in to our system
- Simultaneous analysis by two members of Policy Surveillance staff, using standardized analysis tool and guidelines/protocol
- Discrepancies to Senior staff for final decisions
- Data entry by Policy Surveillance staff
- Data entry is checked by policy/administrative staff
- Laws are scanned as well as filed in hard files

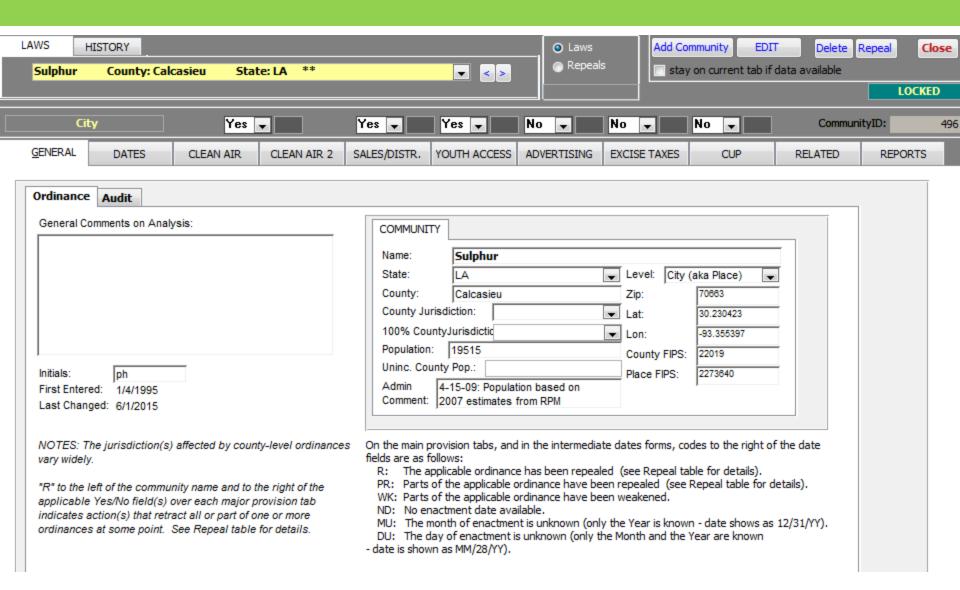


## **Comprehensiveness of Collection**

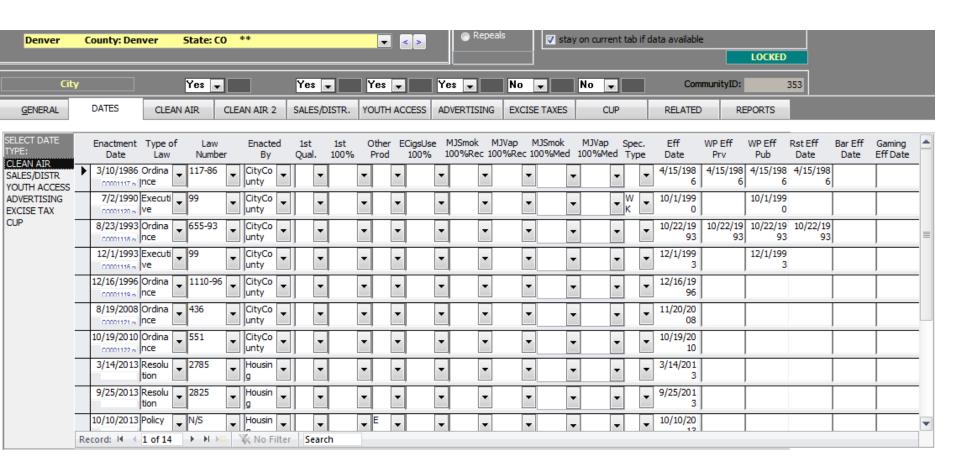
 98% rate of coverage among cities with a population of 75,000 or more.

 Used National League of Cities mailing list of places with populations of less than 25,000 to vastly increase small cities' representation.

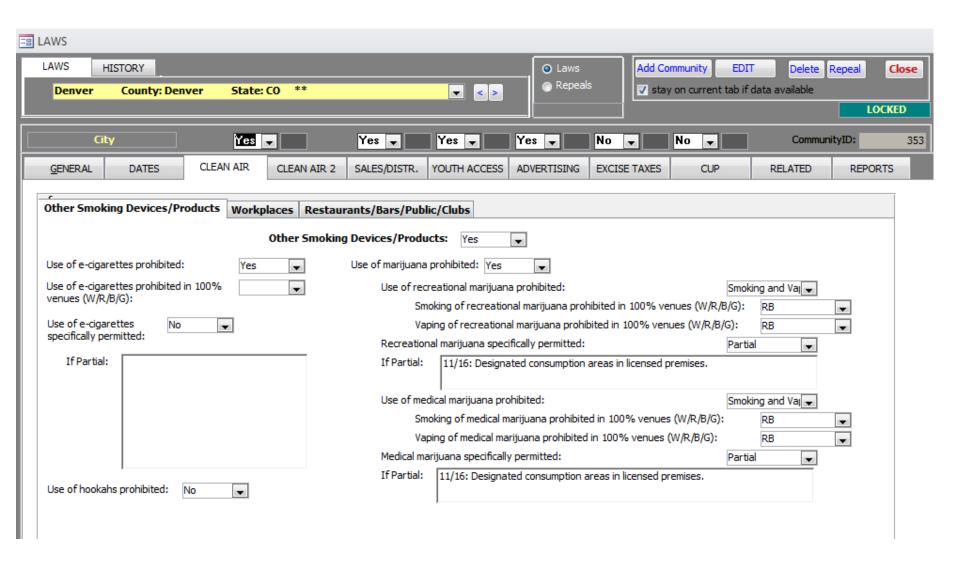








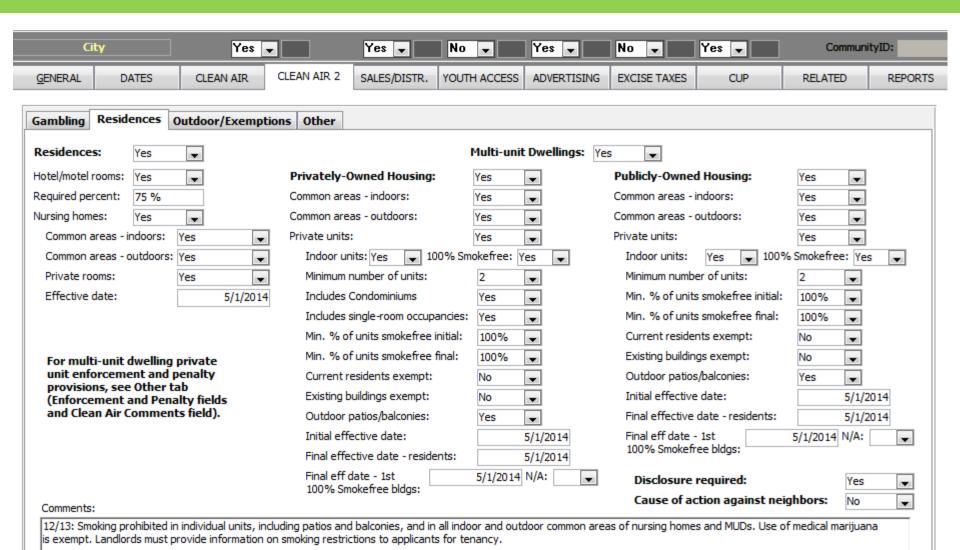




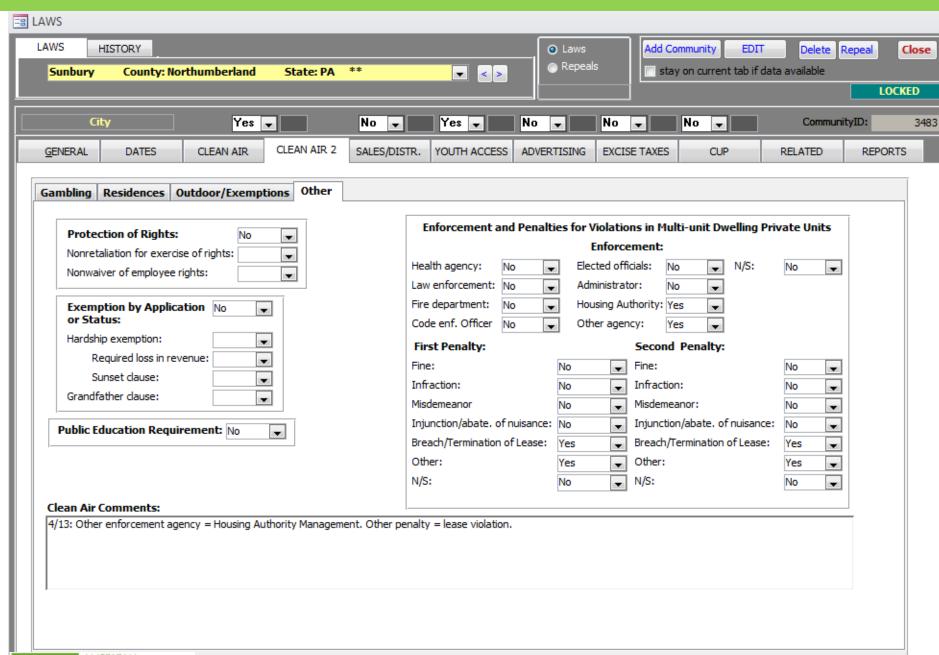


#### Restaurants/Bars/Public/Clubs Other Smoking Devices/Products | Workplaces Other Public Places: Yes Freestanding Restaurants: Yes • Bars: 100% smokefree:\* Yes Public places generally: Yes • 100% smokefree:\* Yes \*If Qualified, see Separately ventilated dining, Exemption Retail stores: Yes • \*If Qualified, see Separately ventilated room field. for seating number, and/or Attached bar fields. Sports facilities: Yes • Effective date: 6/1/2015 Effective date: 6/1/2015 Government buildings: Yes • Minimum nonsmoking area: 100% Minimum nonsmoking area: 100% Public transportation: Yes • Separately ventilated dining: Separately ventilated room: No No Bowling centers: Yes • Smoking allowed during certain hours: No Exempt when seating is: or fewer Billiard/pool halls: Yes • Attached bar: To: 100% S/F • From: Bingo parlors: Yes • Smoking allowed during certain hours: No Smoking allowed if minors not present: No Service lines: Yes • Red Light/Green Light: From: To: Airports: • Yes Smoking allowed if minors not present: No Day care: Yes • Red Light/Green Light: Foster Care: Private Clubs: Private Vehicles: Partial • • • Per child restraint law: Homes: With employees: No • • Transportation: When open to public: Yes Passenger age: under •









GENERAL DATES CLEA	IN AIR CLEAN AIR 2	SALES/DISTR.	YOUTH ACCESS	ADVERTISING	EXCISE TAXES	CUP	RELATED	REPORTS	
SALES									
Nicotine Delivery Devices or Products/E-cigarettes:	Out-of-package 9 Cigarettes:	Sales: Yes Yes	<b>▼</b>			nsing: uspension or revocation		Sales to Minors, Tobacco and/or	E-
Recreational Marijuana: Yes  Medical Marijuana: Yes	Cigars: Flavored tobacco	Yes Partial	•			s in Specific Venue		Cigarettes – Age Under Sales to Minors,	21
Vending machines: Total	If Partial:					ealth Care Institutions		── Recreational ✓ Marijuana – Age	:
Adult areas exempt: No  Locking device/tokens: No	▼ Mint/Menthol E:     Specialty Retail			Yes		ducational Institutions		Under	
Supervised: No	Sales Prohibited			No	Other:	overnment Property:		Sales to Minors, Medical	
Tobacco Sampling: Yes	▼	4/16: Cigar an		Yes	•			■ Marijuana – Age Under	•
Self-Service Displays: Yes	Sales to Minors:	Yes	•						
Sales/distribution Comments:	Sales Near Schoo		•			<u> </u>			
2/96: VMs, sampling, and sales to min violation. 6/96: Amendments not obtained. 4/02: SSDs prohibited. Amended pen. 3/06: Out-of-package sales of cigare' 8/12: All regulations except OOP mad 4/16: Definition of tobacco product at prohibited in healthcare/pharmacies. 4/17: Medical marijuana licensing requirement enacted 8/18: Nonsubstantive licensing amend	alties. ttes prohibited. Penalties ame de applicable to NDDs, includien mended to include e-cigarette New TRLs prohibited within 50 uirement enacted. SSDs, VMs, for all marijuana establishmen	nded. g e-cigarettes. s. Flavored toba 0 feet of school , and commercial	acco sales prohibit s. Cigar OOP proh RYO prohibited in	ed (mint/menthol, ibited. dispensaries.	-				



STATE +1	Name →	Date 🔻	Eff Date 🔻	WP Prv Eff Di 🔻 1	WP Pub Eff D ▼	Rst Eff Date →	Bar Eff Date •	Gam Eff Date •	First 100 Pct	<ul><li>OthProd →</li></ul>	ECigsUse100	MJSmok100- •	MJVap100-R •	MJSmok100-	MJVap100-N v	SpecialType
MS	Crenshaw	9/17/2018	10/17/2018		10/17/2018	10/17/2018			RB	Н						. ,,,,
MS	Crowder	5/2/2019	6/1/2019	6/1/2019	6/1/2019	6/1/2019			WRBG	EHM	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	
MS	Cruger	3/7/2016	4/6/2016	4/6/2016	4/6/2016					E	WRBG					
MS	Crystal Springs	10/6/1998	11/6/1998		11/6/1998											
MS	Crystal Springs	9/2/2008	11/1/2008	11/1/2008	11/1/2008	11/1/2008	11/1/2008	11/1/2008	WRBG							
	Desoto County	8/14/2000	8/14/2000		8/14/2000											
•	Desoto County	10/28/1996	1/1/1997													
MS	Desoto County	3/16/2015	4/15/2015							E						
MS	Diamondhead	11/3/2015	1/1/2016	1/1/2016	1/1/2016	1/1/2016	5		WR	EH	WR					
MS	D'iberville	5/11/1993	5/11/1993		5/11/1993											
MS	Drew	3/3/2015	4/2/2015	4/2/2015	4/2/2015	4/2/2015	4/2/2015	4/2/2015	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Duck Hill	3/10/2014	4/9/2014	4/9/2014	4/9/2014	4/9/2014	4/9/2014	4 4/9/2014	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Duncan	3/6/2012	4/5/2012	4/5/2012	4/5/2012	4/5/2012	4/5/2012	4/5/2012	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Durant	4/3/2012	5/3/2012	5/3/2012	5/3/2012	5/3/2012	5/3/2012	5/3/2012	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Ecru	2/12/2008	3/12/2008		3/12/2008	3/12/2008	3/12/2008	3	RB							
MS	Eden	7/14/2015	8/13/2015	8/13/2015	8/13/2015	8/13/2015	8/13/2015	8/13/2015	WRBG	EHM	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	
MS	Edwards	11/15/2016	12/15/2016	12/15/2016	12/15/2016	12/15/2016	12/15/2016	5 12/15/2016	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Ellisville	10/6/2015	11/5/2015	11/5/2015	11/5/2015	11/5/2015	11/5/2015	11/5/2015	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Ethel	10/2/2012	11/1/2012	11/1/2012	11/1/2012	11/1/2012	11/1/2012	11/1/2012	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Falcon	3/14/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	8 4/13/2018	WRBG	EHM	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	
MS	Farmington	1/21/2014	2/20/2014	2/20/2014	2/20/2014	2/20/2014	2/20/2014	2/20/2014	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Fayette	5/12/2015	6/11/2015	6/11/2015	6/11/2015	6/11/2015	6/11/2015	6/11/2015	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Flora	11/13/2007	12/13/2007	12/13/2007	12/13/2007	12/13/2007	12/13/2007	7	WRB							
MS	Florence	8/11/1992	10/1/1992		10/1/1992											
MS	Florence	8/21/2012	9/20/2012	9/20/2012	9/20/2012	9/20/2012	9/20/2012	9/20/2012	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Flowood	4/4/2011	5/4/2011	5/4/2011	5/4/2011	5/4/2011	L	5/4/2011	WRG	E	WRG					
MS	Forest	8/7/2012	9/6/2012	9/6/2012	9/6/2012	9/6/2012	9/6/2012	9/6/2012	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	French Camp	7/2/2019	8/1/2019	8/1/2019	8/1/2019	8/1/2019	8/1/2019	8/1/2019	WRBG	EHM	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	
MS	Friars Point	12/9/2013	1/8/2014	1/8/2014	1/8/2014	1/8/2014	1/8/2014	1/8/2014	WRBG	E	WRBG					
MS	Fulton	1/17/2017	3/18/2017	3/18/2017	3/18/2017	3/18/2017	3/18/2017	7	WRB	Е	WRB					
MS	Gautier	9/2/2003	9/2/2003													
MS	Gautier	8/17/1993	8/17/1993		8/17/1993											
MS	Gautier	11/17/1992	11/17/1992		11/17/1992											
MS	Gautier	6/3/2014	7/3/2014		7/3/2014	7/3/2014	7/3/2014	4	RB	Н						Repeal
MS	Gautier	7/15/2014	8/15/2014			8/15/2014										
MS	Georgetown	3/12/2012	4/11/2012	4/11/2012	4/11/2012	4/11/2012	4/11/2012	4/11/2012	WRBG	Е	WRBG					
MS	Glendora	8/8/2017	9/7/2017	9/7/2017	9/7/2017	9/7/2017	9/7/2017	9/7/2017	WRBG	EHM	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	WRBG	



#### **Data Uses**

- Media Relations & Advocacy
- Community education
- Surveillance
- Evaluation





From Huston, C., "The 16 states that still allow smoking in bars and restaurants," *MarketWatch*, February 4, 2015.

5/20/2015

Smoke (Still) Gets in Your Eyes at Many Job Sites - FairWarning | FairWarning

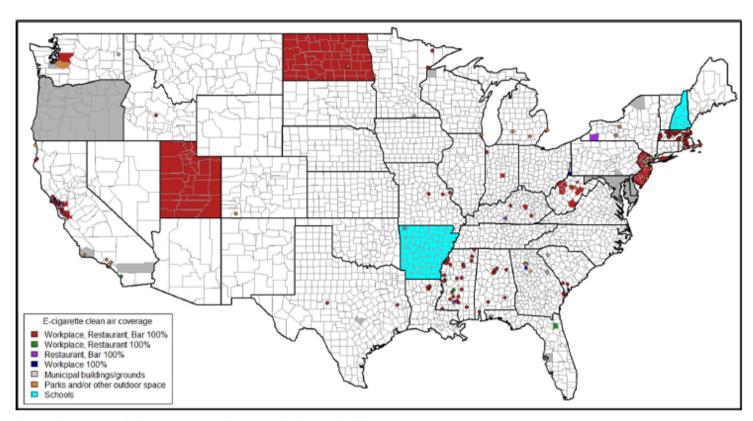
#### Bans on Workplace Smoking

The 24 states shaded in blue ban smoking in all workplaces, including bars, restaurants and small businesses, according to the American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation. Workplace smoking rules run the gamut in the other 26 states, with some having few controls and others banning smoking at most job sites but allowing a few exceptions. For example, California falls short of the foundation's "smoke-free" standard because the state exempts job sites with fewer than six employees as well as some warehouses. In other states, such as Mississippi, there is no statewide ban but tough restrictions in more than 70 communities.





J. Kadowaki et al. / Health & Place 31 (2015) 75-82



- Fig. 1. Geographic coverage of electronic cigarette clean air regulations in the U.S.
- Note 1: Irregular shapes represent counties, Black-outlined circles represent a local municipality that passed a restriction at that location,
- Note 2: Alaska and Hawaii are not shown. The only restriction in Alaska is a comprehensive ban in the town of Palmer. The only restriction in Hawaii is a statewide ban on e-cigarette use specifically on grounds of the State Department of Health.
- Note 3: States whose only statewide restrictions apply to correctional facilities are not colored. These states are Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma, and South Dakota.
- Note 4: Restrictions superseded by higher level geographic unit restrictions are not shown. Note that some county-level restrictions only apply to unincorporated areas; therefore, local ordinances of the same category are retained in the figure for such municipalities.
- Source: American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation U.S. Tobacco Control Laws Restricted Use Database (American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation, 2014).



## Drive for smoke-free casinos picks up steam By Mark Gruetze

Published: Sunday, April 6, 2014, 9:00 p.m.

Updated 15 hours ago

Gamblers who want to play without the smell and health threat of secondhand smoke have plenty to cheer about lately.

Two Pennsylvania legislators are pushing a bill that would prohibit smoking throughout the casino floor as well as at several other locations now exempt from the state ban.

going to go in if it's filled with smoke."

Dr. Bill Mercer, health officer for the Wheeling-Ohio County (W.Va.) Health Department, says the timing is right for a regional effort to ban smoking in casinos. With all Ohio casinos smoke- free, extending the smoking bans to Wheeling Island, Mountaineer and Pennsylvania casinos would remove the argument that smokers will go elsewhere to gamble, he says.

He and Hallett say a smoking ban is even more important for casino workers than for gamblers.

"You shouldn't have to hunt for a safe place to work," Mercer says.

#### 20 states require smoke-free casinos At least 500 American 100% smoke-free in all state-regulated gambling state-regulated gamling facilities are required to be State-regulated gambling not smoke-free. In some 100% smoke-free states, local ordinances State-regulated gambling facilties require casinos to be opened since July 2003 are 100% smoke-free smoke-free. 5.D. daho Wyo. Colo. N.M. THERESE LIS | TRIBLINE-RIEVIEW Source: Americans for Nonsmokers' Rights



By ColPowell cpowell@lakesunonline.com

June 11. 2015 7:00AM



#### Area city discusses smoking ban

Laurie aldermen table suggestion to research the issue and get more input

If the city moves forward with a no smoking ban, Laurie would be the first lake area municipality to institute such a policy.

A citywide public smoking ban was discussed Tuesday evening at the Laurie board of aldermen meeting.

Alderman Allen Kimberling introduced a discussion on the ban near the end of the meeting, prompting a lengthy discussion on whether or not it was something that would heavily impact revenue for the city and local businesses.

Mayor Scott Fahrer said that the city would definitely be healthier for it, but worried they would be frustrating business owners by being so heavy-handed.

"I think you're on the side of right," stated Fahrer, "but I would like 30 days to talk to the businesses about this."

Alderman Greg Lux disagreed with the ban entirely, stating that the city should leave it up to the individual businesses.

"How would we enforce this?" asked Lux. "By the time police responded to a call, there wouldn't be a cigarette in sight."

City Attorney Steve Grantham stated that Lux was correct, and such an ordinance would introduce a variety of complications. It was asked whether lake area towns had such an ordinance, and Osage Beach was brought up.

Osage Beach had a discussion on a public smoking ban in 2012, as well as a survey the previous year that found 68% of the residents would support a ban. It was ultimately decided to leave it up to the businesses. Laurie would be the only



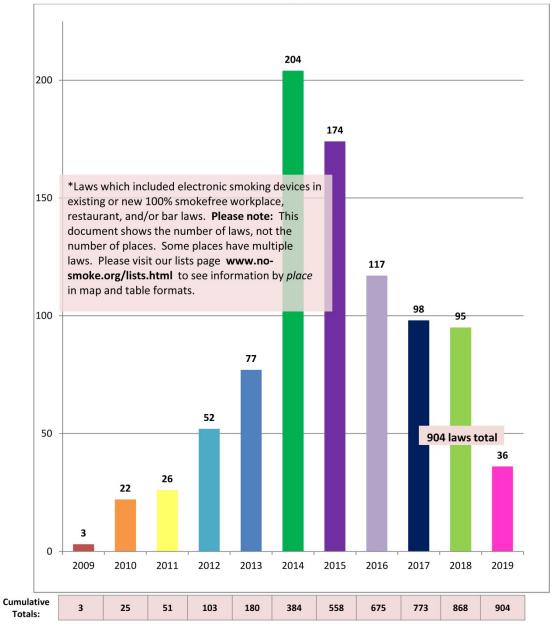
PHOTO/ PROVIDED

The above map from the American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation highlights the array of cities and counties around the U.S. that have implemented



#### Number of Local and State Laws\* Enacted by Year that Prohibit the Use of Electronic Smoking Devices in Smokefree Environments

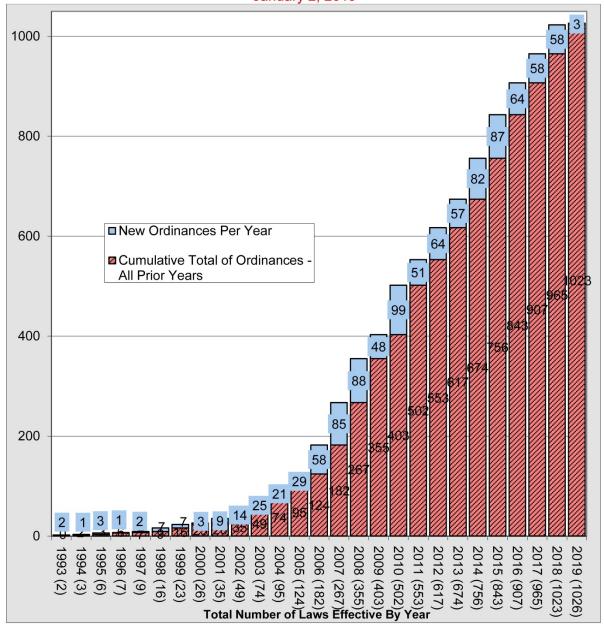
As of July 1, 2019





#### Local 100% Smokefree Laws in all Workplaces, Restaurants, and Bars: Effective by Year\*

January 2, 2019

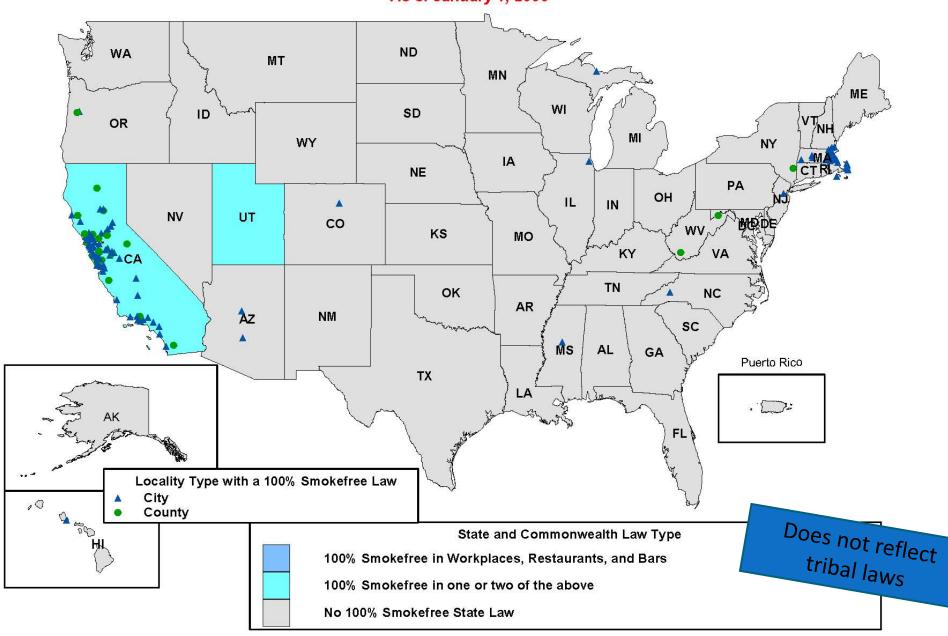




#### United States 100% Smokerree Laws

#### **American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation**

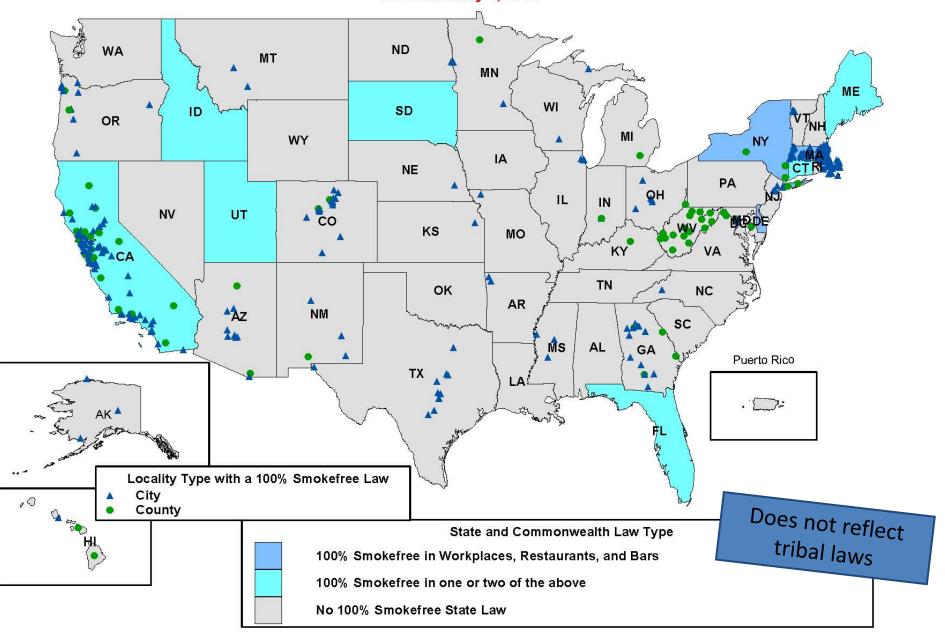
As of January 1, 2000

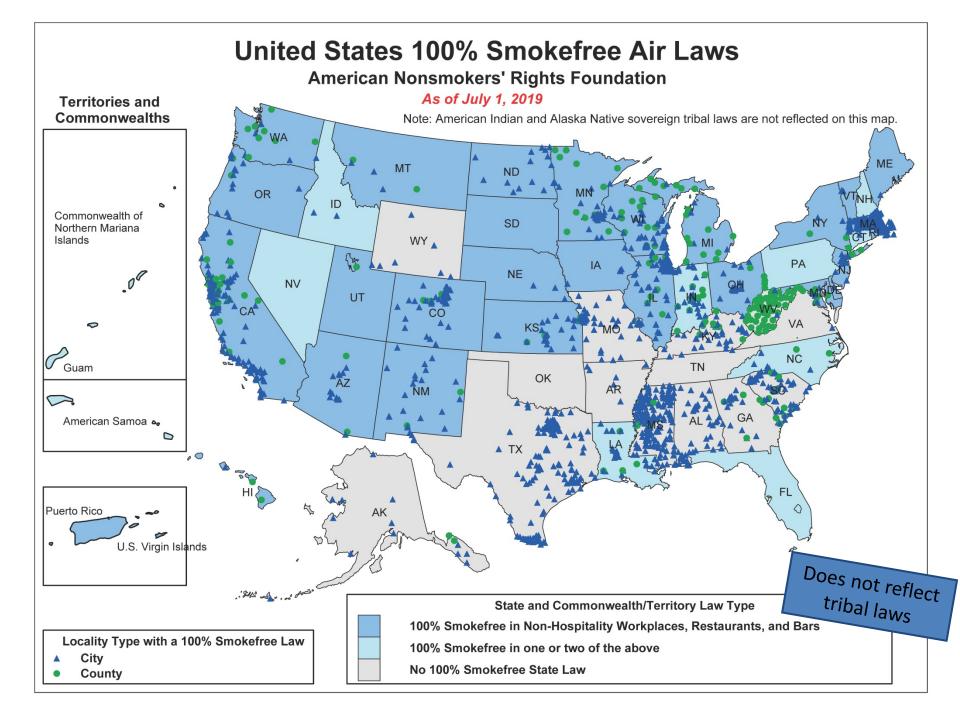


#### United States 100% Smokefree Laws

#### **American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation**

As of January 1, 2005





## Population Coverage Figures

#### Summary of 100% Smokefree State Laws and Population Protected by 100% U.S. Smokefree Laws

July 1, 2019

Population reflects only municipalities and states with ordinances or regulations that are *currently in effect* and do not allow smoking in attached bars or separately ventilated rooms and do not have size, age, or hours exemptions are listed here.

Type of Law	Number of States*	Population Covered by Local and State Laws	% of Population Covered by Local and State Laws
Workplaces <sup>1</sup> and/or Restaurants <sup>2</sup> and/or Bars <sup>3</sup> and/or Gambling <sup>4</sup>	36	260,842,960	81.9%
Workplaces <sup>1</sup> and Restaurants <sup>2</sup> and Bars <sup>3</sup>	25	194,173,619	61.0%
Workplaces <sup>1</sup> and Restaurants <sup>2</sup> and Bars <sup>3</sup> and Gambling <sup>4</sup>	17	147,391,567	46.3%
Workplaces <sup>1</sup>	32	241,772,756	75.9%
Restaurants <sup>2</sup>	35	247,336,464	77.6%
Bars <sup>3</sup>	30	210,968,949	66.2%
Gambling⁴	20	158,742,262	49.8%
Workplaces <sup>1</sup> and Restaurants <sup>2</sup>	29	228,295,229	71.7%
Restaurants <sup>2</sup> and Bars <sup>3</sup>	30	210,932,475	66.2%

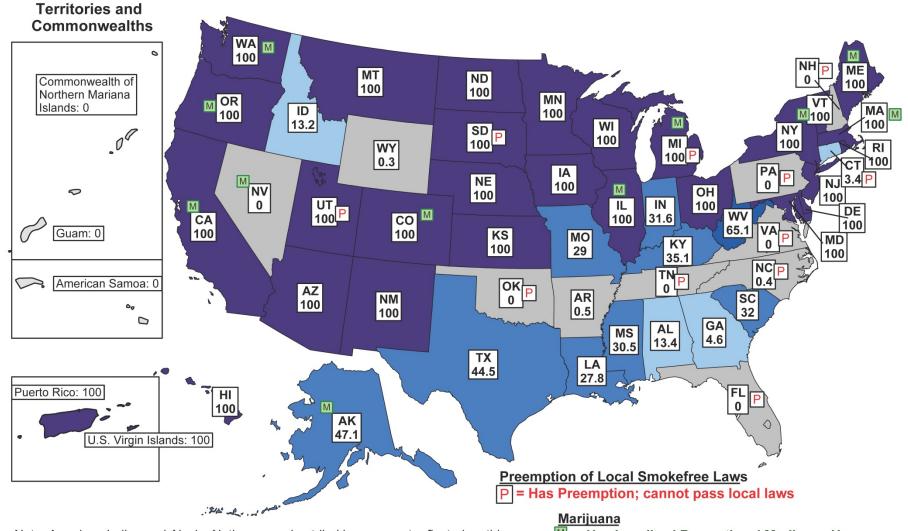
<sup>\*</sup>Number includes state laws currently *in effect*, and does not include Washington D.C. or U.S. commonwealths/territories.

State Law:	Enactment Dates:^	Workplaces <sup>1</sup>	Restaurants <sup>2</sup>	Bars <sup>3</sup>	Gambling⁴	Hotels <sup>5</sup>	E-Cigarette Use <sup>6</sup>	Population:
1. Utah	1994, 3/2006	5/1/06	1/1/95	1/1/09	N/A		5/7/12	2,953,329
2. California	7/1994, 5/2016	6/9/16	1/1/98	1/1/98	1/1/98		6/9/16	38,371,836
3. South Dakota	2/2002, 11/2010	7/1/02	11/10/10	11/10/10	11/10/10		7/1/19	854,685
4 Delaware	5/2002	11/27/02	11/27/02	11/27/02	11/27/02		10/15/15	936 924



## Percent of Population Covered by 100% Smokefree Non-Hospitality Workplace, Restaurant, and Bar Laws In Effect As of July 1, 2019

American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation, www.no-smoke.org



Note: American Indian and Alaska Native sovereign tribal laws are not reflected on this map.

■ = Has Legalized Recreational Marijuana Use

61% of the U.S. is protected by a 100% workplace, restaurant, and bar law.

State/Commonwealth/Territory Population with 100% Smokefree Workplace, Restaurant, and Bar Laws





1-25%



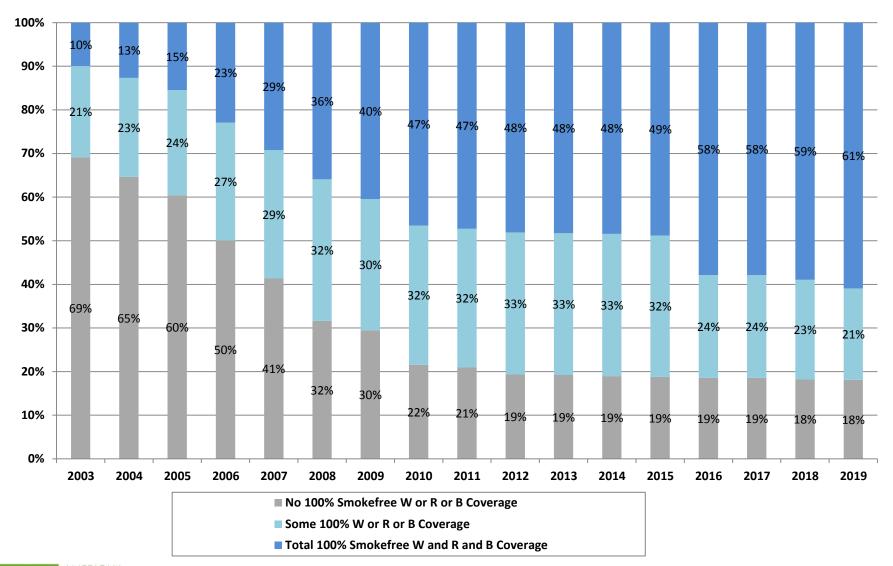








# U.S. Population Covered by 100% Smokefree Air Laws In Non-Hospitality Workplaces (W), Restaurants (R), and Bars (B): 2003-2019





#### Peer Reviewed Publications

- 6 National Cancer Institute (NCI) Monographs
- 5 Surgeons General's Reports
- Over 500 studies and journal articles, including Journal of the American Medical Association, American Journal of Public Health, Tobacco Control, National Bureau of Economic Research, Annual Review of Public Health, Journal of Social Issues, and British Medical Journal on economic impact, youth smoking prevalence, low birth weight, resale value of restaurants or cars, etc.



### Sample of Research Articles

- Beideman, J.; et. al., "Legislation governing tobacco use in Ontario's retirement homes,"
   Journal of Aging & Social Policy 30(2): 141-154, 2018.
- Clouser, J.M.; et. al., "Occupational exposures and associated risk factors among U.S. casino workers: a narrative review," *AIMS Public Health 5(4): 378–393, 2018*.
- Donahoe, J.T.; et. al., "Key factors inhibiting legislative progress toward smoke-free coverage in Appalachia," American Journal of Public Health 108(3): 372-378, 2018.
- Golden, S.D.; et. al., "Disparities in cigarette tax exposure by race, ethnicity, poverty status and sexual orientation, 2006–2014, USA," *Preventive Medicine 108: 137-144*, 2018.
- Kelly, B.C.; et. al., "Denormalization, smoke-free air policy, and tobacco use among young adults," Social Science & Medicine 211: 70–77, August 2018.
- Wellman, R.J.; et. al., "Secondhand smoke exposure and depressive symptoms in children: a longitudinal study," *Nicotine and Tobacco Research*: nty224, 2018.



#### Applications to Related Issues

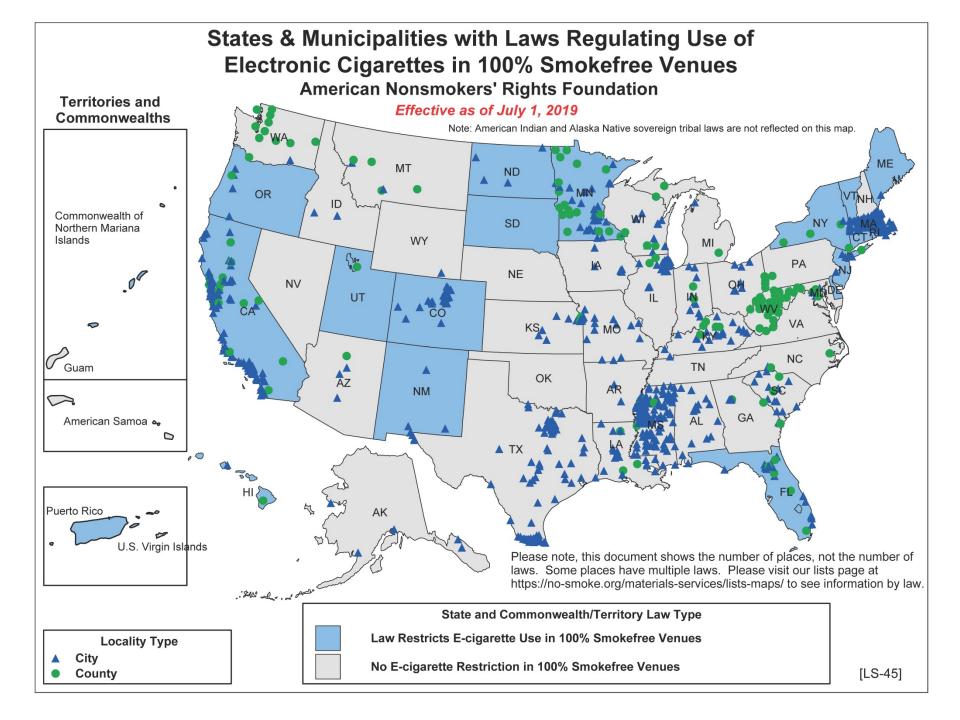
- Tracking acute and chronic disease rates
  - Pediatric clinics: asthma, ear infections, bronchitis, etc.
  - AMI admissions
  - Cancer rates and trends over time
    - Fewer "cancer clusters" as cities go smokefree?



# Possible Model for Other Policy Tracking

- Are there other potential applications of this type of database?
  - Obesity and nutrition policies
  - Other areas?
- Opportunity to share lessons learned and technical issues from our experience.





# Current Status of Smokefree Protections

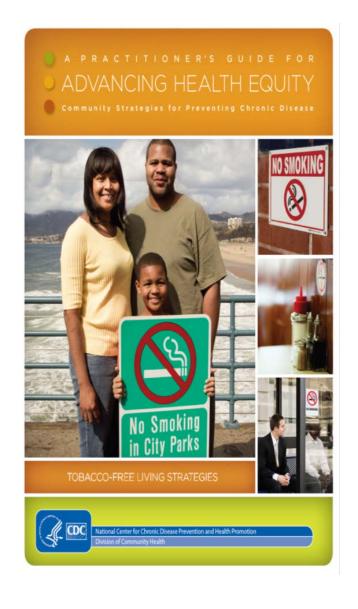
- 39% of the U.S. population is NOT protected by a 100% Smokefree Workplace, Restaurant, and Bar law.
- For states without these minimal protections, we should strongly advocate for Smokefree Laws before other types of laws.
  - Caveat: Preemption states (repeal Preemption!)
  - Laws must include casinos
    - 90% of Commercial Gaming Employees work in Smoke-Filled casinos, including Dealers, Janitors, Technicians, Security, Hosts & Hostesses, Entertainer, and more.
  - Top gaming states (NV, NJ, PA, MS, IN, LA, IA) are NOT Smokefree in casinos (exceptions: laws in New Orleans and East Baton Rouge)
- Good news: there are nearly 800 commercial and tribal gambling facilities across the U.S.; however, these tend to be smaller gaming states.



## Some of the factors influencing health and contributing to health disparities:

- Root causes or social determinants of health such as poverty, lack of education, racism, discrimination, and stigma.
- Environment and community conditions such as how a community looks (e.g., property neglect), what residents are exposed to (e.g., advertising, violence), and what resources are available (e.g., transportation, grocery stores).
- Behavioral factors such as diet, tobacco use, and engagement in physical activity.
- Medical services such as the availability and quality of medical services.

cdc.gov/healthequityguide





# Health Equity means that every person has an opportunity to achieve optimal health regardless of:

- Color of their Skin
- Level of Education
- Gender Identity
- Sexual Orientation
- The Job they have
- The Neighborhood they live in
- Whether or not they have a Disability

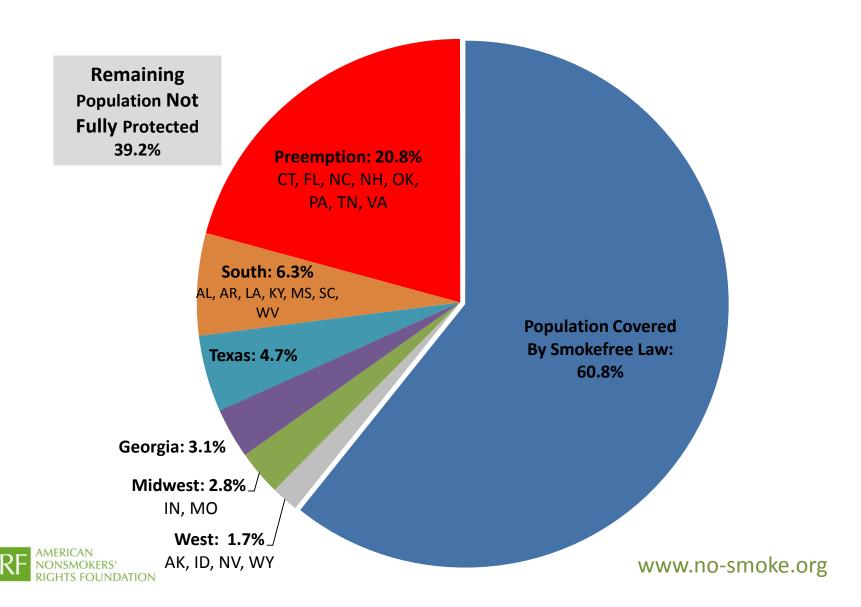
We endorse a paradigm shift in how to look at equity. For example:

- Support and build communities' ability to engage in reducing inequities at the state/local level;
- Identify creative ways to eliminate inequities; and
- Measure equity differently (e.g., city report cards).

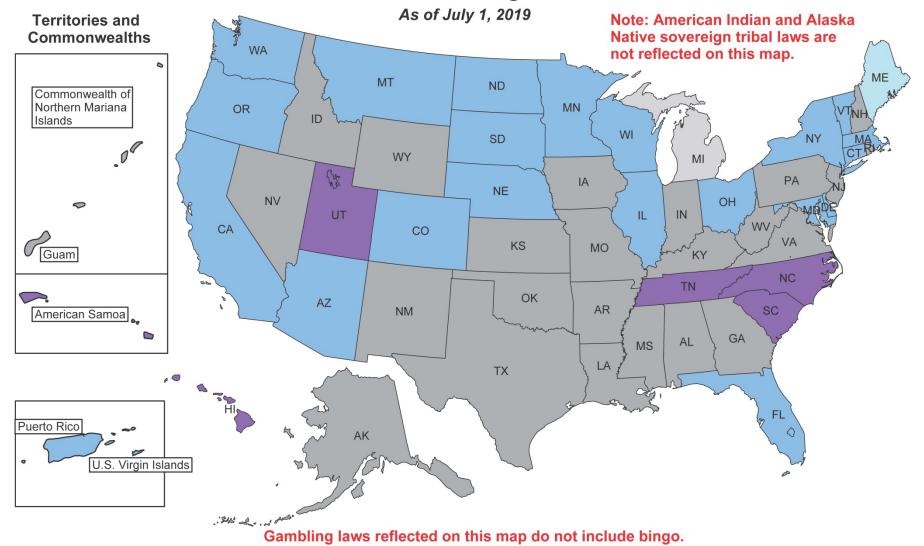
We cannot address health equity without addressing tobacco use and exposure to secondhand smoke in workplaces and public places, and in multi-unit housing.



# US POPULATION NOT FULLY PROTECTED BY SMOKEFREE LAW BY STATE, REGION OR PREEMPTION STATUS Effective July 1, 2019



## Statewide Laws Requiring 100% Smokefree Gambling Venues American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation



State and Commonwealth/Territory Law Type 100% Smokefree in all State-Regulated Gambling State-Regulated Gambling not 100% Smokefree Maine\* State-Regulated Gambling not permitted \*Maine: State-Regulated Gambling Venues opened after 6/2003 (including the state's 2 casinos) required to be 100% smokefree

\*\*Michigan: Smoking allowed in State-Regulated Gambling Venues existing prior to 5/2010 (including Detroit's 3 casinos)

# Smokefree Policies are a Youth and Young Adult Smoking Prevention Strategy

Smokefree workplace laws were associated with significantly lower odds of initiating smoking and curbed tobacco usage among current smokers.

"The effect of smokefree workplace laws on smoking initiation is equivalent to a \$1.57 (in 2007 dollars) tax increase. Smokefree bar laws are associated with lower rates of current smoking, as well as a decrease in the number of days reported smoking among current smokers."

(Association of Smoke-Free Laws With Lower Percentages of New and Current Smokers Among Adolescents and Young Adults: An 11-Year Longitudinal Study *JAMA Pediatr.* 2015;169(9):e152285. doi:10.1001/jamapediatrics.2015.2285)



#### States with Any Type of Preemption of Smokefree Air Laws **American Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation January 2, 2019** WA ME MT ND MN OR CT. FL. NH. and SD have ID total preemption of smoking legislation. SD MI preempts local laws WY relating to restaurants St. and bars. IA NE preempts local laws relating to NE NV OH cigar bars. UT IL NC: Local laws enacted/effective CA before 10/15/93 remain in force, CO but may not be strenthened. Local KS MO laws after that date may regulate ΚΥ smoking in local gov't buildings NC and vehicles as well as in specifed TN public places. OK ΑZ PA preempts local laws relating to smoking in SC AR NM enclosed workplaces & public places, but permits Philadelphia to enforce its smokefree GA laws, other than ones pertaining to gambling, AL MS provided it does not amend its laws so as to LA conflict with state law. TX TN preempts entire field of regulations except for regulation in public buildings by cities and counties, airport authorities, utility districts, and special school districts, as well as on the grounds of municipal property. OK and UT preempt local laws other than those restricting smoking in public outdoor areas. Preemption VA: Local laws enacted prior to 1/1/90 are not preempted. Other Yes local laws may require nonsmoking sections in public places and may allow employers to regulate smoking in private workplaces. No WI preempts local laws restricting smoking in outdoor areas, except those laws applying only to public property. Note: American Indian and Alaska Native sovereign tribal laws are not reflected on this map.

## **Moving Forward: Closing Gaps**

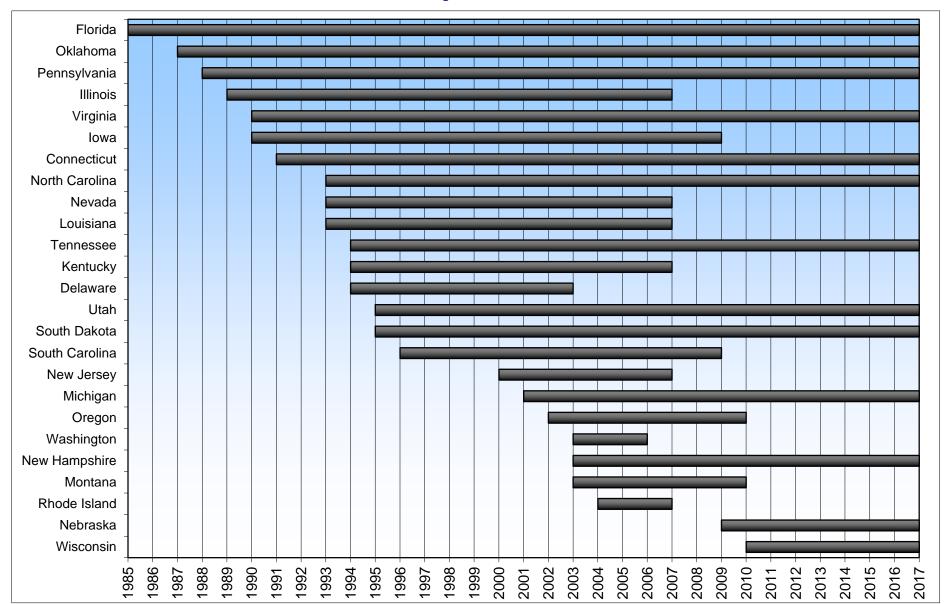
 Goal: Securing 100% smokefree Workplace, Restaurant, Bar, and Gaming laws in places without protections.

#### Challenges:

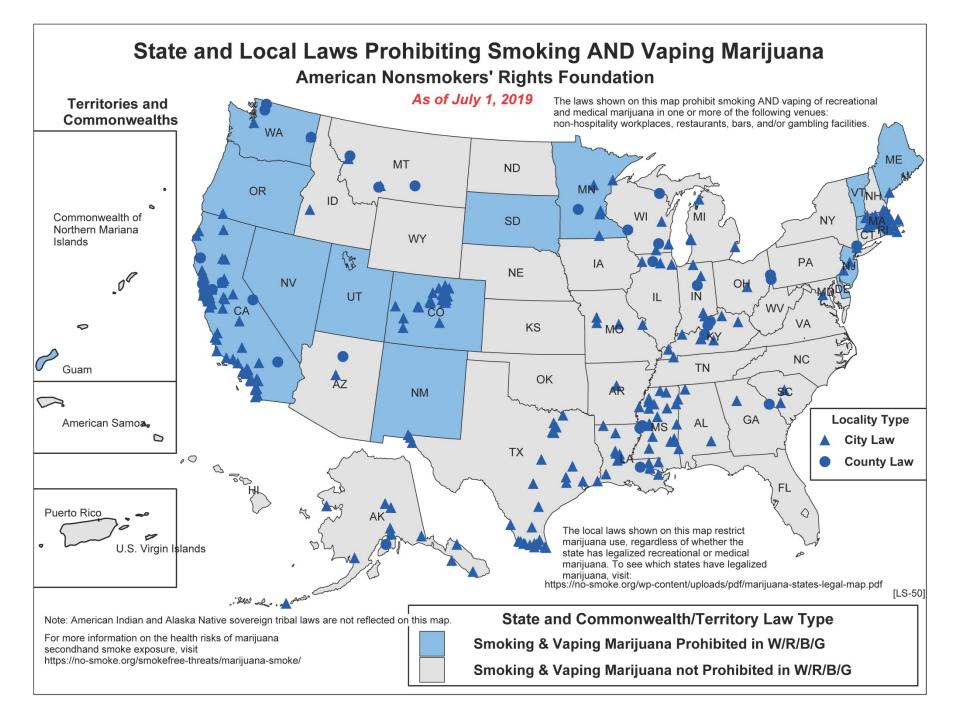
- States with Preemption
- Combatting Tobacco and Casino Industry interference, as well as e-cigarette industry and proponents
- Overcoming perception that the problem is solved
- Lack of media around harms of Secondhand Smoke Exposure and Benefits of Smokefree Workplaces
- Competing Policy Interests, in tobacco and other issues
- Reduced or absent tobacco control infrastructure in many states as a result of reduced funding
- Legalization and Commercialization of Marijuana



#### **Timeline of State Preemption of Smokefree Air Laws**



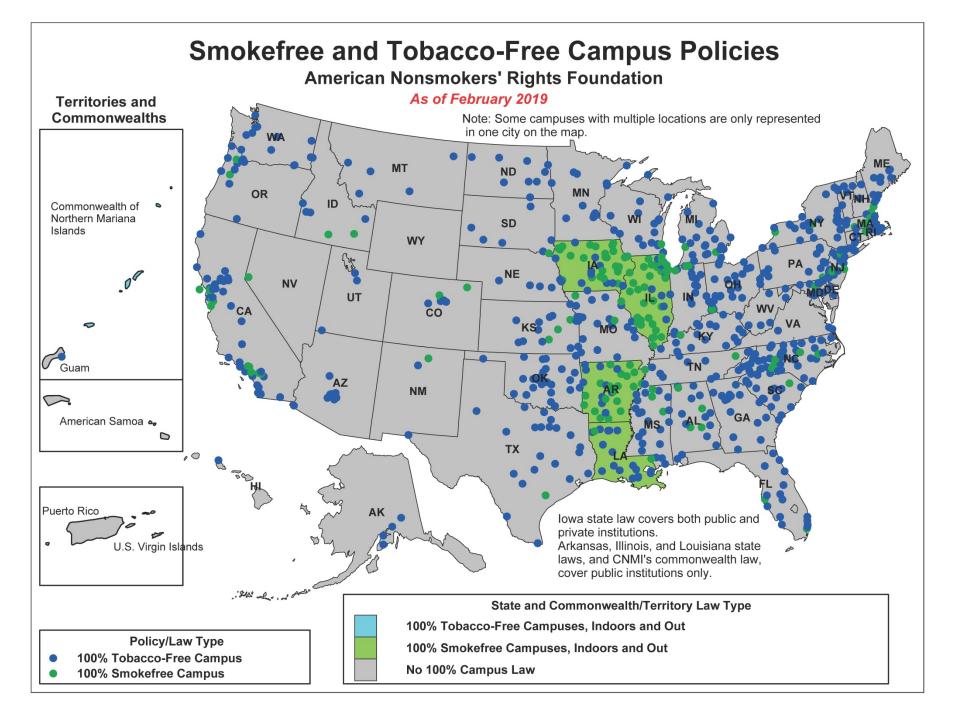


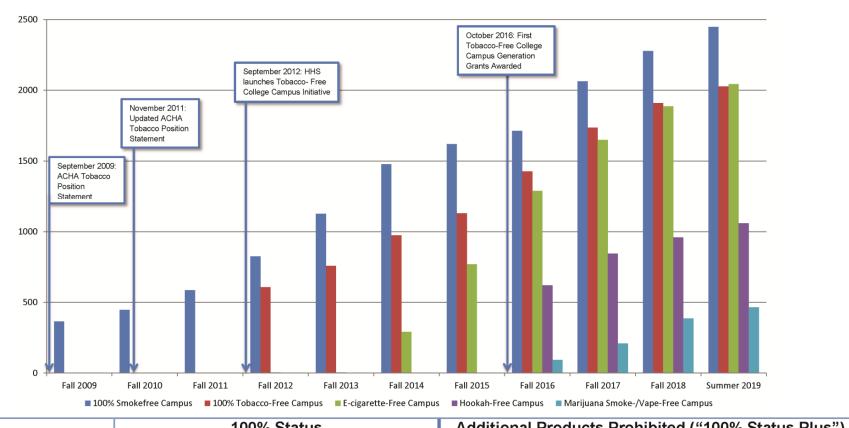


# How Can We Close the 39% Gap in Smokefree Protections?

- Strategically focus and plan for local smokefree workplace campaigns that include all workplaces; no exemptions.
- Engage all partners and affected populations in the process to increase community understanding and buy-in.
- Repeal Preemption (and prevent the adoption of preemptive state laws).
- In states with smokefree W,R,B and G laws, consider other areas such as smokefree multi-unit housing.







	100%	Status	Additional Products Prohibited ("100% Status Plus")						
Post-Secondary Campus Site Type	100% Tobacco-Free Site (smokeless tobacco <i>prohibited</i> )	100% Smokefree Site (smokeless tobacco <i>permitted</i> )	100% Free of E-cigarette Use	100% Free of Hookah Use	100% Free of Marijuana Smoking/Vaping				
Public	1,543	320	1,632	824	343				
Private	467	100	408	233	122				
Community College	1,199	232	1,239	563	229				
HBCU	50	17	48	34	24				
Tribal	18	0	4	3	0				
Land Grant	68	8	61	43	22				
Women's Campus	16	5	14	8	2				
Hispanic-Serving	37	20	34	19	10				
All Types of Campuses	2,028	420	2,044	1,060	465				

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